POST-ELECTION TROUBLES IN HONDURAS

- Stalemate in Honduras' 10 October national elections.
 October "revision" of returns for disputed congressional seats, is source of trouble.
 - A. Elections, "revision" produced following results:

Party	Presidential Candidate	Presidential Vote	Congressional Seats
Liberals	Villeda Morales	48%	23
Nationalists	ex-dictator Carias	31%	22
Reformists	Abraham Williams	21%	11
			56

- B. Unless new Congress selects president between5 and 25 Dec., Supreme Court, composed of Carias proteges, gets job.
- II. Violence may occur in meantime:
 - A. <u>Liberals</u> claim fraud in 24 Oct. run-off where they lost all 28 contests, including opposition-controlled "recounts" on some of their "sure" seats.
 - B. Liberals could boycott Congress, thus denying quorum necessary to install it on 5 December.
 - C. Or could engage in localized violence--though apparently lack armed forces capable of coup.
 - D. Reformists uncertain of maintaining party discipline in coalition with Nationalists and have strength in army--hence might attempt a coup.



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- E. Nationalists also strong in army and might attempt coup.
- F. Another possibility is that President Galvez may establish temporary dictatorship in attempt to solve impasse.
- III. Communists may exploit Liberal party bitterness:
 - A. Top Liberal leaders are anti-Communist and have promised to eradicate communist influence if they gain power.
 - B. But Communists believed to have infiltrated lower
 Liberal Party echelons through their front group
 (Honduran Democratic Revolutionary Party).